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FAX 301-299-1391**FAX RECEIVED****JAN 30 2001****GROUP 1600****OFFICIAL****CORRECTED COPY****FAX****To:** Commissioner for Patents**From:** Frank Portugal, Ph.D.**Date:** January 30, 2001**Pages**
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Frank Portugal, Ph.D.
Application # 09/027,089

PATENT
Attorney Docket: CAB-001

BOX AF

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re application of:

Frank Portugal

Appl. No.: 09/027,089

Filed: February 02, 1998

For: Method for Identifying Species of
Shigella and *E. coli* Using Operon
Sequence Analysis


Art Unit: 1655

Examiner: J. Souaya

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Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

On January 30, 2001


signed: Frank Portugal

Appeal and Continuation

Box AF

Commissioner for Patents
Washington DC 20231

Sir:

In response to the Final Office Action (Paper No. 12), applicant submits the following supplemental remarks, which place the application in condition for allowance. A Notice of Appeal was filed January 16, 20001.

Supplemental Remarks

A. New Document Sabat, et. al. Proves the New Claims are Unobvious

In the previous Remarks submitted on January 22, 2001, the Applicant referred to the use of polymerase chain reaction (PCR) method of Sabat et. al. as proof that the new claims are

Application No. 09/027,089
Attorney Docket No.: CAB-001

unobvious. The Amended claims of January 22, 2001 are intended to cover any process, such as hybridization or PCR, for which an oligonucleotide is selected and used to make discriminations between or among species. In both PCR and hybridization, for example, an oligonucleotide is annealed to a complementary nucleic acid strand as dictated by Chargaff's rules on nucleic acid complementation. These rules specify that a G will hydrogen bond with a C, its complement, and that an A will hydrogen bond with its complement, which can be either a T (DNA) or U (RNA).

The optimal temperature for annealing in both PCR and hybridization reactions is dictated by the melting temperature of the duplex (T_m) formed. Once an optimal temperature is determined, in either PCR or hybridization, the oligonucleotide is annealed to its complementary template. Knowledge of an optimal temperature relative to the T_m is also used to complete each process. For PCR, that involves deliberately exceeding the optimal temperature so that the two strands of the newly formed duplex are fully and completely separated. For hybridization, the use of an optimal temperature relative to the T_m assures the complete separation of those duplexes that do not meet the preset complementary match criteria.

Application No. 09/027,089
Attorney Docket No.: CAB-001

B. The Reference Cited by the Examiner

In the remarks to Examiner filed on January 22, 2001, regarding the citation of Hammond (5,374,718), the Applicant in his previous remarks mentioned (page 6) a comparison of the 16S rRNA sequences for *Chlamydia pneumoniae* (GenBank CHT16SR) and *Chlamydia psittaci* (GenBank E17341). To assist the Examiner in her review of the Reply and Amendment, the Applicant encloses both sets of sequences.

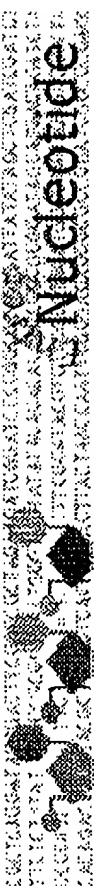
Respectfully submitted,

Date: January 30, 2001

By:


Applicant: Frank Portugal

Encls: GenBank CHT16SR
Gen Bank E17341



PubMed Nucleotide Protein Genome Structure PopSet Taxonomy OMIM

Search [Nucleotide] for

Display [Default View] as [HTML] [Go] [Hide Brief and LinkBar]

Limits Index History Clipboard

1: GI "174111" [GenBank] Chlamydia pneumoniae 16S ri... PubMed, Related Sequences, Taxonomy

LOCUS CHT16SR 1554 bp rRNA BCT 21-SEP-1993
 DEFINITION Chlamydia pneumoniae 16S ribosomal RNA sequence.
 ACCESSION L06108
 VERSION L06108.1 GI:174111
 KEYWORDS 16S ribosomal RNA.
 SOURCE Chlamydia pneumoniae (strain TW183) cDNA to rRNA.
 ORGANISM Chlamydia pneumoniae
 Bacteria; Chlamydiales; Chlamydiaceae; Chlamydia.
 REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 1554)
 AUTHORS Gaydos, C.A., Palmer, L., Quinn, T.C., Falkow, S., Brooks, G.F. and Eiden, J.J.
 TITLE Phylogenetic relationship of Chlamydia pneumoniae to Chlamydia psittaci and Chlamydia trachomatis as determined by analysis of 16S ribosomal DNA sequences
 JOURNAL Int. J. Syst. Bacteriol. 43, 610-612 (1993)
 MEDLINE 93349759
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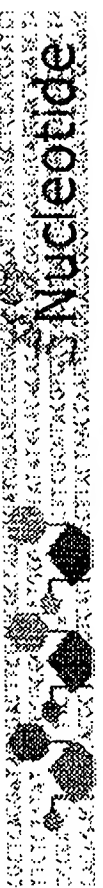
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PubMed Nucleotide Protein Genome Structure PopSet Taxonomy OMIM

Search [Nucleotide] for []

Limits Index History Clipboard

[Default View] as [HTML] [Add to Clipboard] [Hide Brief and LinkBar]

1: GI "5712024" [GenBank] Chlamydia psittaci Gp/Ic 16... Taxonomy, LinkOut

LOCUS E17341 1548 bp DNA PAT 28-JUL-1999

DEFINITION Chlamydia psittaci Gp/Ic 16S rRNA gene.

ACCESSION E17341

VERSION E17341.1 GI:5712024

KEYWORDS JP 1998262679-A/3.

SOURCE unidentified.

ORGANISM unidentified

unclassified.

REFERENCE 1 (bases 1 to 1548)

AUTHORS Fukushima, H., Hirai, K. and Nakagawa, M.

TITLE CHLAMYDIA RIBOSOME GENE

JOURNAL Patent: JP 1998262679-A 3 06-OCT-1998;

A & T:KK, TOKUYAMA CORP

COMMENT

OS Chlamydia psittaci

PN JP 1998262679-A/3

PD 06-OCT-1998

PF 28-MAR-1997 JP 1997078591

PI FUKUSHI HIDETO, HIRAI KATSUYA, NAKAGAWA MASANORI PC

C12N15/09, C07H21/02, C12N1/21, C12Q1/04, C12Q1/68, (C12N15/09, PC

C12R1:01),

PC (C12N1/21, C12R1:19), (C12Q1/68, C12R1:01);

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